## UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION NET BUREAU

### **NETSYLLABUS**

Subject: SOCIOLOGY

Code No.: 05

### Unit -1: Sociological Theory

- 1. Classical Sociological Traditions
  - Emile Durkheim
  - Max Weber
  - Karl Marx
- 2. Structure- Functionalism and Structuralism
  - Bronislaw Malinowski
  - A.R. Radcliffe- Brown
  - Talcott Parsons
  - Robert K. Merton
  - Claude Levi Strauss
- 3. Hermeneutic and Interpretative Traditions
  - G.H. Mead
  - Karl Manheim
  - Alfred Schutz
  - Harold Garfinkel
  - Erving Goffman
  - Clifford Geertz
- 4. Post Modernism, Post Structuralism and Post Colonialism
  - Edward Said
  - Pierre Bourdieu
  - Michel Foucault
  - Jurgen Habermas
  - Anthony Giddens
  - Manuel Castells

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#### 5. Indian Thinkers

- · M.K. Gandhi
- B.R. Ambedkar
- Radha Kamal Mukherjee
- · G. S. Ghurye
- M.N. Srinivas
- Irawati Karve

### Unit - 2: Research Methodology and Methods

- 1. Conceptualizing Social Reality
  - Philosophy of Science
  - Scientific Method and Epistemology in Social Science
  - Hermeneutic Traditions
  - Objectivity and Reflexivity in Social Science
  - Ethics and Politics

#### 2. Formulating Research Design

- Reading Social Science Research, Data and Documents
- Induction and Deduction
- Fact, Concept and Theory
- Hypotheses, Research Questions, Objectives

#### 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Methods

- Ethnography
- Survey Method
- Historical Method
- Comparative Method

#### 4. Techniques

- Sampling
- Questionnaire and Schedule
- Statistical Analysis
- Observation, Interview and Case study
- Interpretation, Data Analysis and Report Writing

### Unit -3: Basic Concepts and Institutions

1. Sociological Concepts





- Social Structure
- Culture
- Network
- Status and Role
- Identity
- Community
- Diaspora
- Values, Norms and Rules
- Personhood, Habitus and Agency
- Bureaucracy, Power and Authority

### 2. Social Institutions

- Marriage, Family and Kinship
- Economy
- Polity
- Religion
- Education
- Law and Customs

### 3. Social Stratification

- Social Difference, Hierarchy, Inequality and Marginalization
- Caste and Class
- Gender, Sexuality and Disability
- Race, Tribe and Ethnicity

# 5. Social Change and Processes

- Evolution and Diffusion
- Modernization and Development
- Social Transformations and Globalization
- Social Mobility

# Unit - 4: Rural and Urban Transformations

- 1. Rural and Peasant Society
  - Caste-Tribe Settlements
  - Agrarian Social Structure and Emergent Class Relations
  - Land Ownership and Agrarian Relations
  - Decline of Agrarian Economy, De-Peasantization and Migration
  - Agrarian Unrest and Peasant Movements
  - Changing Inter-Community Relations and Violence



#### 2. Urban Society

- · Urbanism, Urbanity and Urbanization
- · Towns, Cities and Mega-Cities
- Industry, Service and Business
- · Neighbourhood, Slums and Ethnic Enclaves
- Middle Class and Gated Communities
- Urban Movements and Violence

# Unit - 5: State, Politics and Development

### 1. Political Processes in India

- Tribe, Nation State and Border
- Bureaucracy
- Governance and Development
- Public Policy: Health, Education and Livelihoods
- Political Culture
- Grass-root Democracy
- Law and Society
- Gender and Development
- Corruption
- Role of International Development Organizations

# 2. Social Movements and Protests

- Political Factions, Pressure Groups
- Movements based on Caste, Ethnicity, Ideology, Gender, Disability, Religion and Region
- · Civil Society and Citizenship
- NGOs, Activism and Leadership
- Reservations and Politics

### Unit - 6: Economy and Society

- Exchange, Gift, Capital, Labour and Market
- Mode of Production Debates
- Property and Property Relations
- State and Market: Welfarism and Neoliberalism
- Models of Economic Development
- Poverty and Exclusion
- Factory and Industry Systems





- Changing Nature of Labour Relations
- Gender and Labour Process
- Business and Family
- Digital Economy, E-Commerce
- Global Business and Corporates
- Tourism
- Consumption

# Unit - 7: Environment and Society

- Social and Cultural Ecology: Diverse Forms
- Technological Change, Agriculture and Biodiversity
- Indigenous Knowledge Systems and Ethno-Medicine
- Gender and Environment
- · Forest Policies, Adivasis and Exclusion
- Ecological Degradation and Migration
- Development, Displacement and Rehabilitation
- Water and Social Exclusion
- Disasters and Community Responses
- Environmental Pollution, Public Health and Disability
- Climate Change and International Policies
- Environmental Movements

# Unit - 8: Family, Marriage and Kinship

- Theoretical Approaches: Structure-Functionalist, Alliance and Cultural
- Gender Relations and Power Dynamics
- Inheritance, Succession and Authority
- Gender, Sexuality and Reproduction
- Children, Youth and Elderly
- Emotions and Family
- Emergent Forms of Family
- Changing Marriage Practices
- Changing Care and Support Systems
- Family Laws
- Domestic Violence and Crime against Women
- Honour Killing

# Unit - 9: Science, Technology and Society

- History of Technological Development
- Changing notions of Time and Space
- Flows and Boundaries



- Virtual Community
- Media: Print and Electronic, Visual and Social Media
- E-Governance and Surveillance Society
- Technology and Emerging Political Processes
- State Policy, Digital Divide and Inclusion
- Technology and Changing Family Relations
- Technology and Changing Health Systems
- Food and Technology
- Cyber Crime

### Unit - 10: Culture and Symbolic Transformations

- Signs and Symbols
- Rituals, Beliefs and Practices
- Changing Material Culture
- Moral Economy
- Education: Formal and Informal
- Religious Organizations, Piety and Spirituality
- · Commodification of Rituals
- · Communalism and Secularism
- Cultural Identity and Mobilization
- Culture and Politics
- · Gender, Body and Culture
- Art and Aesthetics
- Ethics and Morality
- · Sports and Culture
- Pilgrimage and Religious Tourism
- Religion and Economy
- Culture and Environment
- New Religious Movements

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