

**A-128**

Total Pages : 4

Roll No. ....

**MT-509**

**M.A./M.Sc. MATHEMATICS  
(MAMT/MSCMT)**

**(Differential Geometry and Tensor-II)**

2nd Semester Examination, 2024 (June)

Time : 2:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 70

**Note :-** This paper is of Seventy (70) marks divided into Two (02) Sections 'A' and 'B'. Attempt the questions contained in these Sections according to the detailed instructions given therein. *Candidates should limit their answers to the questions on the given answer sheet. No additional (B) answer sheet will be issued.*

**Section-A**

**(Long Answer Type Questions)    2×19=38**

**Note :-** Section 'A' contains Five (05) Long-answer type questions of Nineteen (19) marks each. Learners are required to answer any *two* (02) questions only.

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( 1 )

P.T.O.

1. State and Prove Gauss-Bonnet Theorem.
2. State and Prove Gauss's Characteristic equation.
3. Define :
  - (a) Mixed tensor of second order
  - (b) Symmetric tensor
  - (c) Skew Symmetric tensor
  - (d) conjugate symmetric tensor
4. Show that the metric of Euclidean space referred to cylindrical coordinates is given by :

$$(ds)^2 = (dr)^2 + (rd\theta)^2 + (dz)^2$$

Determine its metric tensor and conjugate metric tensor.

5. Prove that the integral :

$$\int_{t_0}^{t_1} f(x^i, \dot{x}^i) dt$$

has stationary value on the curve whose differential equations are :

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x^i} - \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial \dot{x}^i} \right) = 0 \quad \text{where} \quad \dot{x}^i = \frac{dx^i}{dt}$$

## Section–B

(Short Answer Type Questions) 4×8=32

**Note** :- Section ‘B’ contains Eight (08) Short-answer type questions of Eight (08) marks each. Learners are required to answer any *four* (04) questions only.

1. Prove that the curves  $u + v = \text{constant}$  are geodesics on a surface with metric  $(1 + u^2)du^2 - 2uv$  and  $v + (1 + v^2)dv^2$ .
2. Prove that geodesic curvature vector of any curve is orthogonal to curve.
3. For any surface prove that :

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial u}(\log H) = 1 + \mu \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial v}(\log H) = m + v$$

where  $u$  and  $v$  are parameters and symbols have their usual meaning.

4. Prove that the law of transformation for a covariant vector is transitive.
5. Define :
  - (a) Conjugate metric tensor
  - (b) Riemannian space

6. State and Prove Ricci's theorem.
7. Prove that covariant differentiation of invariants is commutative.
8. Define :
  - (a) Bianchy identity
  - (b) Ricci tensor

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