A–733

Total Pages : 3   Roll No. ....

MS–402

INDIAN FINANCIAL SYSTEM

Master of Business Administration (MBA)

3rd Semester Examination, 2024 (June)

Time : 2:00 Hrs.   Max. Marks : 70

Note **:–** This paper is of Seventy (70) marks divided into Two (02) Sections 'A' and 'B'. Attempt the questions contained in these Sections according to the detailed instructions given therein. ***Candidates should limit their answers to the questions on the given answer sheet. No additional (B) answer sheet will be issued.***

Section–A

Long Answer Type Questions   (2×19=38)

Note **:–** Section 'A' contains Five (05) Long-answer type questions of Nineteen (19) marks each. Learners are required to answer any *two* (02) questions only.

A–733/MS–402   (1)   P.T.O.

1. What are the different components of financial system ? Explain them in the context of Indian financial system.

2. Distinguish between Primary Market and Secondary Market. State the various ways a company may raise capital in the primary market.

3. State the different types of life insurance products or policies available in Indian Markets.

4. Discuss briefly some of the innovative financial instruments introduced in recent times in the financial services sector.

5. Explain in brief about growth and structure of mutual funds in India.

Section–B

Short Answer Type Questions   (4×8=32)

Note :– Section 'B' contains Eight (08) Short-answer type questions of Eight (08) marks each. Learners are required to answer any *four* (04) questions only.

1. Explain how a financial system helps in linking the fund surplus units to funds deficit units.

2. Discuss the different instruments in the money market.

3. What are the important functions of Reserve Bank of India ?

4. What is an IPO ? State the entry norms laid by the SEBI for making an IPO.

5. Why are circuit breakers used in stock exchanges ?

6. Stake the advantages of NBFCs over other financial institutions.

7. Discuss the salient features of Regional Rural Banks in Indian Context.

8. Write a note on Monetary Policy and Debt Market.

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