# A-901

**Total Pages : 4** 

Roll No. .....

## MAMT-10

# MATHEMATICAL PROGRAMMING MA/M.Sc. Mathematics (MAMT/MSCMT-19)

2nd Year Examination, 2024 (June)

Time : 2:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 70

Note :- This paper is of Seventy (70) marks divided into Two (02) Sections 'A' and 'B'. Attempt the questions contained in these Sections according to the detailed instructions given therein. Candidates should limit their answers to the questions on the given answer sheet. No additional (B) answer sheet will be issued.

#### Section-A

### **Long Answer Type Questions** 2×19=38

*Note* :- Section 'A' contains Five (05) Long-answer type questions of Nineteen (19) marks each. Learners are required to answer any *two* (02) questions only.

**A–901/MAMT–10** (1) P.T.O.

- 1. Prove that  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  is strictly convex for x > 0 and strictly concave for x < 0.
- 2. Solve the following L.P.P. using revised simplex method :

Max. :

$$Z = 3x_1 + 6x_2 + 2x_3$$

s.t. :

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 < 2$$
$$x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 \le 1$$
$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$$

3. Using the bounded variable technique, solve the following L.P.P. :

Max. :

$$Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2 + 2x_3$$

s.t. :

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 < 14$$
$$2x_1 + 4x_2 + 3x_3 \le 23$$
$$0 \le x_1 \le 4, \ 2 \le x_2 \le 5, \ 0 \le x_3 \le 3$$

4. What is the general non-linear programming problem? Establish the relation between saddle point and the minimal point of the non-linear programming problem.

5. Solve the integer programming problem :

Max  $Z = x_1 + 4x_2$ Subject to :  $2x_1 + 4x_2 \le 7$  $5x_1 + 43 \le 15$  $x_1, x_2 \le 0$  and are integers

### Section-B

#### **Short Answer Type Questions** 4×8=32

*Note* :- Section 'B' contains Eight (08) Short-answer type questions of Eight (08) marks each. Learners are required to answer any *four* (04) questions only.

1. Show that :

$$f(x) = 2x_1^2 + x_2^2$$

is convex function over  $R^2$ .

2. Show that :

$$f(x) = x^2$$

is convex function.

3. Obtain a set of necessary condition for the non-linear programming problem :

Max. :  $Z = x_1^2 + 3x_2^2 + 3x_3^2$ 

Subject to :

$$5x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 5$$
  
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$   
**A-901/MAMT-10** (3)

- 4. Define a general non-linear programming problem.
- 5. Solve by dynamic programming :

Max :

$$Z = x_1 + 9x_2$$

Subject to :

$$2x_1 + x_2 \le 25$$
$$x_2 \le 11$$

- 6. Prove that a hyperplane is a convex set.
- 7. If  $F(X, \lambda)$  has a saddle point  $(X_0, \lambda_0\})$  for each  $\lambda \ge 0$ , then prove that  $G(X_0) \le 0$  and  $\lambda_0^T G(X_0) = 0$ .
- 8. Define the following :
  - (a) Separable Function
  - (b) Convex Programming Problem
  - (c) Separable Programming Problem
  - (d) Convex Separable Programming Problem

\*\*\*\*\*

## A-901/MAMT-10 (4)