

A-0631

Total Pages : 4

Roll No.

MT-506

M.A./M.Sc. MATHEMATICS (MAMT/MSCMT)

(Advanced Algebra-II)

2nd Semester Examination, Session December 2024

Time : 2:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 70

Note :- This paper is of Seventy (70) marks divided into Two (02) Sections 'A' and 'B'. Attempt the questions contained in these Sections according to the detailed instructions given therein. ***Candidates should limit their answers to the questions on the given answer sheet. No additional (B) answer sheet will be issued.***

Section-A

Long Answer Type Questions 2×19=38

Note :- Section 'A' contains Five (05) Long-answer type questions of Nineteen (19) marks each. Learners are required to answer any two (02) questions only.

1. If K is a finite extension of a field F , then the group $G(K|F)$ of F -automorphism of K is finite, and :

$$o[G(K|F)] = \{K : F\}$$

2. Let K be a Galois extension of a field F . Then the set of all F -automorphism of K forms a group with respect to the operation of functions composition.
3. Define the Matrix of a linear map. Let $t : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ be a linear transformation such that :

$$t(a, b, c) = (3a + c, -2a + b, -a + 2b + 4c)$$

What is the matrix of t in the ordered basis $\{\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3\}$ where ?

$$\alpha_1 = (1, 0, 1), \alpha_2 = (-1, 2, 1), \alpha_3 = (2, 1, 1)$$

4. Define :
 - (a) Eigen values
 - (b) Eigen vector of linear transformation
 - (c) Similar matrices
 - (d) Column rank of a matrix
5.
 - (a) Define a real inner product space with an example.
 - (b) State and prove the Cauchy- Schwartz inequality

Section–B

Short Answer Type Questions 4×8=32

Note :– Section ‘B’ contains Eight (08) Short-answer type questions of Eight (08) marks each. Learners are required to answer any *four* (04) questions only.

- 1 . Define :
 - (a) Splitting fields
 - (b) Normal Extension
2. Prove that Similar matrices have the same characteristic polynomial and hence the same eigen values.
3. Let A and B be two similar matrices over the same field F. Prove that $\det(A) = \det(B)$.
4. If W is a subspace of an inner product space R^3 spanned by $B_1 = \{(1, 0, 1), (1, 2, -2)\}$, then find a basis of orthogonal complement $W^\perp$.
5. Prove that if t_1 and t_2 are linear transformation of finite dimensional inner product space V to V', then :

$$(t_1 + t_2)^* = t_1^* + t_2^*$$

6. Let V be a finite dimensional inner product space. Prove that a linear transformation $t : V \rightarrow V$ is orthogonal if and only if its matrix relative to an orthonormal basis is orthogonal.
7. Prove that the determinant of an orthogonal matrix is ± 1 .
8. Define :
 - (a) Field of rational functions
 - (b) Galois extension
