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# Reliable Physical Parameters for Determining Fruit/Seed Maturity Timing of *Ficus semicordata* Buch. in Kumaun Region of Central Himalaya

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#### **Abstract**

Wild edible plants play an important role as food supplements during scarcity for local inhabitants. *Ficus semicordata* is commonly known as drooping fig. Plant parts are used for medicinal purposes. It is a common agroforestry tree in the Himalayan region growing from 750 to 1500 m elevation. The present study was carried out to assess the exact time of seed and fruit maturation and germination of *F. semicordata* in Nainital district of Kumaun Himalaya across 3 sites during two consecutive years 2017 and 2018. Fruit of *F. semicordata* were collected from the marked trees from all the sites till the availability of the fruits. Across all the sites the mean fruit size varied between 190.24  $\pm$  0.46 and 395.14  $\pm$ 3.56 mm² in Yr-1 and 135.56  $\pm$ 3.69 to 516.86  $\pm$ 1.26 mm² in Yr-2. Across both the sites the colour change from green to pinkish brown appears as one of the indicator of maturity. In addition to the colour fruit moisture content between 50.25 $\pm$ 0.58% and 62.73 $\pm$ 2.30% coincided with maximum germination (48.0 $\pm$ 0.06% and 85 $\pm$ 4.61%).



#### **Article History**

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#### Keywords

Ficus; Germination; Maturity; Seed; Wild Edible.

#### Introduction

Ficus semicordata -Ham. ex Sm. (syn. Ficus cunia Buch.-Ham. ex Roxb.) is a multipurpose tree species belonging to the family Moraceae commonly known as Drooping fig, which is a small to medium sized tree up to 15 m tall, with an uneven crown. The leaf blade is frequently elliptic to lance-shaped and leaf margin is entire or coarsely toothed. F. semicordata usually evergreen tree. Sometimes leafless in the dry season. Flowering occurs between in the month

of May-June. It produced the main seed crop in the beginning of rainy season.<sup>3</sup> It occurs at the 750-1500 m elevation range in Himalayan region.<sup>4</sup> The leafless fruit-bearing branches develop at the base of the trunk and often become stolon like, trailing across the forest floor.<sup>5</sup> Young fruits and whole parts of the tree are used as a medicine. It is a potential fodder for goat and cattle.<sup>1</sup> The leaves are also used for polishing wood, ropes are made in by the fibre of bark and species is important for agroforestry.<sup>6</sup>.

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